

# Bonaparte and the Birth of the FBI



Charles Joseph Bonaparte (1851-1921), an American politician and lawyer, is primarily known for founding the precursor to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) in the United States. A descendant of the Bonaparte family, he played a crucial role in reforming federal law enforcement in the early 20th century.

## Early Life and Career

Charles Bonaparte was born on June 9, 1851, in Baltimore, Maryland. A great-nephew of Napoleon Bonaparte, he was the son of Jérôme Napoléon Bonaparte and Susan May Williams. He studied at Harvard University, where he earned his law degree. As a lawyer, he quickly became an influential figure in American politics due to his family connections and his own talents.

## Political Career

Bonaparte joined President Theodore Roosevelt's administration in 1905 as Secretary of the Navy. In 1906, he was appointed Attorney General of the United States. Bonaparte and Roosevelt shared a deep interest in reform and combating corruption.

## Creation of the Bureau of Investigation

As Attorney General, Bonaparte identified the need for a specialized federal investigative body. At that time, the United States lacked a centralized federal police force to enforce national laws. Consequently, Bonaparte established the Bureau of Investigation (BOI) on July 26, 1908. This initiative aimed to provide federal resources to investigate violations of federal laws.

## Context and Motivations

The BOI was created in response to several issues of the era, including organized crime, political corruption, and interstate law violations. Before its creation, the Department of Justice had to rely on investigators from the Secret Service to conduct investigations, which was far from ideal for effective law enforcement.

## Early Years

The first recruits of the BOI included experienced agents, often from other federal services. The Bureau immediately began working on cases involving fraud, antitrust violations, and other federal crimes. Though its beginnings were modest, with a limited staff, the BOI laid the groundwork for an agency that would become one of the most significant intelligence services in the world.

## Legacy

Under the leadership of J. Edgar Hoover, appointed director in 1924, the BOI was restructured and renamed the Federal Bureau of Investigation in 1935. The agency expanded significantly in size and capability, becoming a central pillar of national security and law enforcement in the United States.

Charles Joseph Bonaparte is recognized today not only for his familial heritage but also for his pivotal role in the creation of the FBI. His commitment to reform and efficient law enforcement has left an indelible mark on the American judicial system.

## Sources

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