Can AI Predict Death?



The possibility of predicting death using **artificial intelligence** (AI) is sparking both fascination and concern in scientific and medical circles. Recently, several studies have shown that AI could indeed play a role in estimating an individual's risk of death, opening up new perspectives but also raising important ethical questions.

Promising Algorithms

Researchers have developed machine learning algorithms capable of analyzing a multitude of medical data, including

electronic health records, examination results, lifestyle habits, and even genetic data. These systems can identify complex patterns and risk factors that traditional methods might miss.

For example, a study published in the journal PLOS ONE showed that an AI algorithm could predict the risk of death over a 5-year period with 76% accuracy for a general population. Other research has focused on specific conditions, such as heart disease, where AI has sometimes outperformed conventional prediction methods.

Potential Applications

The ability to estimate the risk of death could have several beneficial applications:

- 1. Improvement of preventive care: Identifying high-risk individuals to implement early interventions.
- 2. Optimization of medical resources: Allocating resources more efficiently based on risk.
- 3. Medical decision support: Assisting doctors in developing personalized treatment plans.

Limitations and Controversies

Despite these promises, using AI to predict death raises many concerns:

- 1. Accuracy and reliability: AI predictions are not infallible and can be influenced by biases in training data.
- 2. Ethical questions: The psychological impact on patients and the risk of discrimination based on AI predictions are subjects of debate.
- 3. Data privacy: The use of sensitive personal data raises concerns about privacy protection.

Moreover, critics point out that death is often the result of unpredictable events that even the most sophisticated AI cannot anticipate.

Conclusion

While AI shows promising potential in estimating mortality risks, it is crucial to consider this technology as a decision support tool rather than an infallible prediction. Its use must be framed by strict ethical considerations and appropriate regulation.

The question "Can AI predict death?" thus remains open. While the technology offers new perspectives for improving healthcare, it does not replace human judgment and the holistic approach necessary in medical practice.

The future of this technology will depend on our ability to navigate between its potential benefits and the ethical challenges it raises, while keeping in mind that human life is far more complex and unpredictable than any algorithm could model.

Sources

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